Chairman Minister for Finance

## **Malta Financial Services Authority**

L.N. \_\_\_ of 2016

## INVESTMENT SERVICES ACT

(CAP. 370)

## 

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## Part 1 Preliminary

IN exercise of the powers conferred by article 12 of the Investment Services Act, the Minister for Finance, acting on the advice of the Malta Financial Services Authority, has made the following regulations:-

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Citation, commencement and scope.	1. (1) The title of these regulations is the Investment Services Act (Custodians of Collective Investment Schemes) Regulations, 2016.			
	(2) The objective of these regulations is in part to transpose the following:			
	(a) Articles 22, 22a, 23(1), (2) and (4), 24, 25, 26 and 26a of the UCITS Directive; and			
	(b) Articles 19(4) second sub-paragraph, 21 and 61(5) of the AIFMD.			
	(3) These regulations shall enter into force on 18 March 2016.			
	(4) These regulations shall be applicable to custodians of all collective investment schemes.			
Interpretation.	<b>2.</b> (1) In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires:			
interpretation.	2. (1) In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires.			
Cap. 370	"the Act" means the Investment Services Act;			
	"AIFMD" means Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on Alternative Investment Fund Managers as may be amended from time to time and further supplemented by Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 231/2013;			
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	"alternative investment fund" or "AIF" means a collective investment scheme, including the subfunds thereof, which raises capital from a number of investors, with a view to investing it in accordance with a defined investment policy for the benefit of those investors, and which does not qualify as a UCITS Scheme in terms of the UCITS Directive;			
	"alternative investment fund manager" or "AIFM" means a legal			
	person whose regular business is the management of one or more AIFs;			
	"Cotocom, 2 Investment Comittee Livery, April 1-11			
S.L. 370.03	"Category 2 Investment Services Licence" shall have the same meaning as that provided in the Investment Services Act (Licence and other fees) Regulations;			
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Cap. 370	"collective investment scheme" or "scheme" shall have the same			

	meaning as that provided in the Act;
Cap. 330	"the competent authority" means the Malta Financial Services Authority established by the Malta Financial Services Authority Act;
	"custodian" means a licence holder in possession of a Category 4a or 4b investment services licence, as the context requires, issued in terms of the Investment Services Act;
	"Directive 2013/36/EU" means Directive 2013/36/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on access to the activity of credit institutions and the prudential supervision of credit institutions and investment firms, amending Directive 2002/87/EC and repealing Directives 2006/48/EC and 2006/49/EC as may be amended from time to time and includes any implementing measures that have been or may be issued thereunder;
	"Directive 2010/43/EC" means Commission Directive 2010/43/EC of 1 July 2010 implementing Directive 2009/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards organisational requirements, conflicts of interest, conduct of business, risk management and content of the agreement between a depositary and a management company as may be amended from time to time and includes any implementing measures that have been or may be issued thereunder;
	"Directive 2006/73/EC" means Commission Directive 2006/73/EC of 10 August 2006 implementing Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards organisational requirements and operating conditions for investment firms and defined terms for the purposes of that Directive as may be amended from time to time and includes any implementing measures that have been or may be issued thereunder;
Cap. 370	"financial instrument" means a financial instrument as specified in Section C of Annex I to Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council as transposed in the provisions of the Act;
Cap. 370	"Investment Services Rules" means the Rules issued by the competent authority pursuant to the provisions of the Act;
Cap. 370 S.L. 370.16	"Maltese UCITS" means  (a) an investment company, a partnership en commandite or a limited partnership with its registered office and head office situated in Malta and licensed in terms of the Act; or  (b) where the UCITS is constituted as a common fund, a UCITS domiciled in Malta in terms of the Investment

	Services Act (Contractual Funds) Regulations and licensed in terms of the Act; or  (c) where the UCITS is established as a unit trust, a unit trust whose proper law is the law of Malta;
	"management body" or "manager" shall mean the body with the ultimate decision-making authority in a management company, investment company or custodian, comprising the supervisory and the managerial functions, or only the managerial function if the two functions are separated;
	"Regulation (EU) No. 231/2013" shall mean Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision;
	"UCITS" means undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities in terms of the UCITS Directive as defined herein;
	"UCITS Directive" means Directive 2009/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS) (recast), as amended by Directive 2014/91/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 July 2014;
	"UCITS management company" means a management company authorised by a European regulatory authority or the competent authority and the regular business of which is the management of UCITS.
	(2) Words and expressions which are also used in the Act shall have the same meaning as in the Act.
	Part 2 General requirements applicable to custodians of collective investment schemes
Applicability of Part 2.	<b>3.</b> This Part shall apply to custodians of all collective investment schemes.
Requirement of a licence.	<b>4.</b> (1) The custodian of a collective investment scheme shall be in possession of a valid Category 4a or 4b Investment Services Licence issued in terms of the Act.
	(2) A Category 4a Investment Services Licence Holder shall be eligible to act as custodian to all types of collective investment schemes.

	(3) A Category 4b Investment Services Licence Holder shall be eligible to act as custodian in specific instances as prescribed in Part 4 of these regulations.	
Written Contract.	5. (1) The appointment of the custodian of a collective investment scheme shall be evidenced by a written contract also referred to as the custody agreement.	Comment [IA1]: Article 22(2) UCITS, Article 21(2) AIFMD
	(2) The custody agreement shall, <i>inter alia</i> , regulate the flow of information deemed to be necessary to allow the custodian to perform its functions for the scheme for which it has been appointed as custodian in accordance with these regulations:	Comment [IA2]: Article 22(2) Second sub-paragraph UCITS
	Provided that where the collective investment scheme is a UCITS or an AIF, the custodian shall further refer to and comply with the provisions of Directive 2010/43/EC as transposed in the Investment Services Rules or Regulation (EU) No. 231/2013 as the case may be in relation to the requirements relating to the custody agreement;	
	Provided further that the custodian of a UCITS shall also refer to and comply with the provisions of the Commission Delegated Regulation xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	Comment [IA3]: Article 26b(a)
Custodian's fees.	<b>6.</b> (1) The custodian shall have the right to charge fees to the scheme and to be reimbursed for expenses in accordance with the terms and conditions of the custody agreement referred to in regulation 5.	<b>Comment [IA4]:</b> Former Regulation 11 of the Control of Assets Regulations
	(2) The custodian may, if authorised to do so by the terms and conditions of the custody agreement, exercise a right of retention over the assets of the scheme held under its control, to the extent of any lawfully due but unpaid fees and expenses, until such fees and expenses are paid.	
Termination of the custody agreement.	7. (1) Without prejudice to any requirements as may be prescribed by the competent authority, a custody agreement, may be terminated by the scheme, by the custodian or by order of the competent authority.	Comment [IA5]: Former Regulation 12 of the Control of Assets Regulations
	(2) Prior to or upon termination of the custody agreement, the custodian shall convey the assets held for the scheme, as instructed by the scheme.	
Termination of custody.	<b>8.</b> (1) The termination of the appointment of the custodian in accordance with the provisions of regulation 7 [termination of control of assets] shall only come into force following the lapse of a transitional period of 3 months from the date of the notification to	Comment [IA6]: Former Regulation 21 of the Control of Assets Regulations

	terminate termination of the custody agreement, within which the scheme or the fund manager on behalf of the scheme is to appoint another custodian. At any time before the expiration of the transitional period, the custodian and the scheme or the fund manager on behalf of the scheme may, by agreement extend the transitional period. The conveyance of the assets held in custody by the outgoing custodian to the new custodian shall take place on the lapse of this the transitional period, including any extensions thereto.	
	(2) Where the scheme, the fund manager on behalf of the scheme or the custodian serves notice to terminate the appointment of the custodian, it shall simultaneously notify the competent authority of the intended termination of the appointment of the custodian and of the transitional period specified in sub-regulation (1) above. The outgoing custodian shall notify the competent authority of the intended termination of its appointment to act as custodian of a scheme.	
Insolvency of the	9. In the event of insolvency of the custodian and, or of any third	Comment [IA7]: Article 22(8).
custodian.	party located in any Member State or EEA State to which custody of assets has been delegated, the assets of the scheme held in custody shall be unavailable for distribution among, or realisation for the benefit of, the creditors of such a custodian and, or such third party.	
Replacement of the	10. The constitutional documents of the scheme shall lay down	 Comment [IA8]: Article 26 UCITS
custodian.	the conditions for the replacement of the custodian and rules to ensure the protection of unit-holders in the event of such replacement.	
	Part 3 Requirements applicable to custodians of UCITS	
Applicability of Part 3.	<ul><li>11. (1) This Part shall apply exclusively to custodians of UCITS.</li><li>(2) The custodian of a Maltese UCITS shall also be guided by the provisions prescribed in the Investment Services Rules for Investment Services Providers applicable to custodians.</li></ul>	
Appointment of the custodian.	12. (1) The UCITS management company shall ensure that a single custodian is appointed for each UCITS it manages.	Comment [IA9]: Article 22(1) UCITS
	(2) Where the scheme is a self-managed UCITS, it shall ensure that a custodian is appointed.	
Eligibility criteria.	13. (1) The custodian of a Maltese UCITS shall have an established place of business in Malta.	Comment [IA10]: Article 23(1) formerly SLC 1.01
	(2) The following entities shall be eligible to provide custody services to a UCITS:	Comment [IA11]: Article 23(2) formerly SLC 3.02 of Part BIV
	(a) a national central bank;	

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- (b) a credit institution authorised in accordance with Directive 2013/36/EU and in possession of a licence issued in terms of the Banking Act;
- (c) a branch established in Malta of a credit institution authorised in a Member State or EEA State;
- (d) a company incorporated in Malta, which is wholly owned by a credit institution, provided that the liabilities of the company are guaranteed by the credit institution, and the credit institution is either a Maltese credit institution or a credit institution established in an EU Member State or an EEA State and authorised in accordance with Directive 2013/36/EU:

Provided that the entity referred to in paragraph (d) shall be required to have a minimum of one director who is resident in Malta on its board of directors;

(e) an investment firm or branch of an investment firm established in a Member State or EEA State other than Malta subject to capital adequacy requirements in accordance with Directive 2013/36/EU and Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013 including capital requirements for operational risks and authorised in accordance with Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments and which also provides the ancillary service of safe-keeping and administration of financial instruments for the account of clients, including custodianship and related services such as cash/collateral management in accordance with point (1) of Section B of Annex I of Directive 2014/65/EU:

Provided that such investment firms shall in any case have own funds not less than the amount of initial capital referred to in Article 28(2) of Directive 2013/36/EU;

Provided further that the entity referred to in paragraph (e) shall be required to have a minimum of one director who is resident in Malta on its board of directors.

- (3) The entities referred to in sub-regulation (2) shall be in possession of a Category 4a Investment Services Licence issued in terms of the Act.
- (4) The entities referred to in sub-regulation (2)(c), (d) and (e) shall be subject to prudential regulation and ongoing supervision and shall satisfy the following minimum requirements:

**Comment [IA12]:** Article 23(2) second sub-paragraph

- (a) they shall have the infrastructure necessary to keep in custody financial instruments that can be registered in a financial instruments account opened in the custodian's books;
- (b) they shall establish adequate policies and procedures sufficient to ensure compliance of the entity, including its managers and employees, with their obligations in terms of these regulations;
- (c) they shall have sound administrative and accounting procedures, internal control mechanisms, effective procedures for risk assessment and effective control and safeguard arrangements for information processing systems;
- (d) they shall maintain and operate effective organisational and administrative arrangements with a view to taking all reasonable steps designed to prevent conflicts of interest;
- (e) they shall arrange for records to be kept of all services, activities and transactions that it undertakes, which shall be sufficient to enable the competent authority to fulfil its supervisory tasks and to perform the enforcement actions provided for in these regulations as well as in the Investment Services Rules;
- (f) they shall take reasonable steps to ensure continuity and regularity in the performance of their custodian functions by employing appropriate and proportionate systems, resources and procedures including to perform their custody activities;
- (g) all members of the management body and the senior management of the said entities, shall at all times be of sufficiently good repute, possess sufficient knowledge, skills and experience;
- (h) the management bodies of the said entities shall possess adequate collective knowledge, skills and experience to be able to understand the custodian's activities, including the main risks; and
- (i) each member of the management body and senior management shall act with honesty and integrity.

(5) UCITS or UCITS management companies acting on behalf of the UCITS they managed which, prior to 18 March 2016, appointed as custodian an institution that did not meet the requirements prescribed in sub-regulations (2) and (4), shall, by 18 March 2018, appoint a custodian that meets the said requirements.

Conflicts of interest.

**14.** (1) No company shall act as both UCITS management

Comment [IA13]: Article 23(4)

Comment [IA14]: Article 25(1)

	company and the custodian.	
	(2) A scheme which is in possession of a collective investment scheme licence issued in terms of the Act shall not act as custodian.	Comment [IA15]: Article 25(1)
		(C
	(3) In carrying out their respective functions, the UCITS management company and the custodian shall act honestly, fairly, professionally, independently and solely in the interests of the UCITS and the investors of the UCITS.	Comment [IA16]: Article 25(2)
	(4) In carrying out their respective functions, the UCITS management company and the custodian shall act honestly, fairly, professionally, independently and solely in the interest of the investors	Comment [IA17]: Article 25(2)
	of the UCITS.	
	(5) A custodian shall not carry out activities with regard to the UCITS or the UCITS management company on behalf of the UCITS, that may create conflicts of interest between the UCITS, the investors in the UCITS, the UCITS management company and itself, unless the	Comment [IA18]: Article 25(2) second sub-paragraph
	custodian has functionally and hierarchically separated the performance of its custodian tasks from its other potentially conflicting tasks, and the potential conflicts of interest are properly identified, managed, monitored and disclosed to the investors of the UCITS.	
	(6) The custodian shall also refer to and comply with the	Comment [IA19]: Article 26b(h)
	provisions of the Commission Delegated Regulation xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	
Oversight function.	15. (1) The custodian shall:	Comment [IA20]: Article 22(3)
	(a) ensure that the sale, issue, repurchase, redemption and cancellation of units of the UCITS are carried out in accordance with the requirements prescribed by the competent authority, if any, applicable to the UCITS and with the constitutional documents and the most recent prospectus of the UCITS;	Comment [IA21]: SLC 3.04 Part BIV
	(b) ensure that the value of the units of the UCITS is calculated in accordance with the provision of the constitutional	
	documents and the most recent prospectus of the UCITS;	Comment [IA22]: SLC 3.06 Part BIV
	(c) carry out the instructions of the management company or the UCITS, unless they conflict with the requirements prescribed by the competent authority, if any, applicable to the UCITS	
	and with the constitutional documents and the most recent	

	(d) ensure that in transactions involving the assets of the UCITS, any consideration is remitted to the UCITS within the usual time limits;	Comment [IA24]: SLC 3.08 Part BIV
	(e) ensure that the income of the UCITS is applied in accordance with the constitutional documents of the UCITS and the most recent prospectus thereof.	Comment [IA25]: SLC 3.09 Part BIV
	recent prospectus dicreon	(Comment [27:25]) 526 5365 (GREEN)
	(2) The custodian shall also refer to and comply with the provisions of the Commission Delegated Regulation xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	Comment [IA26]: Article 26b(b)
Monitoring of cash	<b>16.</b> (1) The custodian shall ensure that the cash flows of the	Comment [IA27]: Article 22(4)
flows function.	UCITS are properly monitored and, in particular, that all payments made by or on behalf of investors upon the subscription of units of the UCITS have been received.	
	(2) The custodian shall ensure that all cash of the UCITS has been booked in cash accounts that are:	
	(a) opened in the name of the UCITS, the UCITS management company acting on behalf of the UCITS, or the custodian acting on behalf of the UCITS;	
	(b) opened at one of the following entities:	
	(i) a central bank;	
	(ii) a credit institution authorised in accordance with Directive 2013/36/EU; or	
	(iii) a bank authorised in a third country.	
	(c) maintained in accordance with the principles set out in Article 16 of Directive 2006/73/EC.	
	(3) Where the cash accounts are opened in the name of the custodian acting on behalf of the UCITS, no cash of the entity referred to in sub-regulation (2)(b) and none of the own cash of the custodian shall be booked on such accounts.	Comment [IA28]: Article 22(4) second sub-paragraph
	(4) The custodian shall also refer and comply with the provisions	Comment [IA29]: Article 26b(b)
	of the Commission Delegated Regulation xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	
Safekeeping function.	17. (1) The assets of the UCITS shall be entrusted to the	Comment [IA30]: Article 22(5)
	custodian for safekeeping as follows:	

- (a) for financial instruments that may be held in custody, the custodian shall:
  - (i) hold in custody all financial instruments that may be registered in a financial instruments account opened in the custodian's books and all financial instruments that can be physically delivered to the custodian;
  - (ii) ensure that all financial instruments that can be registered in a financial instruments account opened in the custodian's books are registered in the custodian's books within segregated accounts in accordance with the principles set out in Article 16 of Directive 2006/73/EC, opened in the name of the UCITS or the UCITS management company acting on behalf of the UCITS, so that they can be clearly identified as belonging to the UCITS in accordance with Maltese law at all times;
- (b) for other assets, the custodian shall:
  - (i) verify the ownership by the UCITS or by the UCITS management company acting on behalf of the UCITS of such assets by assessing whether the UCITS or the UCITS management company acting on behalf of the UCITS holds the ownership based on information or documents provided by the UCITS or by the UCITS management company and, where available, on external evidence; and
  - (ii) maintain a record of those assets for which it is satisfied that the UCITS or the UCITS management company acting on behalf of the UCITS holds ownership and keep that record up to date.
- (2) The custodian shall, on a regular basis, provide the UCITS management company or the UCITS with a comprehensive inventory of all the assets of the UCITS.
- - (a) the types of financial instrument to be included in the scope of the custody duties in accordance with sub-regulation (1)(a) above;
  - (b) the conditions subject to which the custodian is able to exercise its custody duties over financial instruments

Comment [IA31]: Article 22(6)

Comment [IA32]: Article 26b(b)

(c) the conditions subject to which the custodian is to safekeep the financial instrument issued in a nominative form and registered with an issuer or a registrar in accordance with sub-regulation (1)(b) above.  Resse of assets held in custody by the custodian shall not be roused by the custodian, or by any third party to which the custody function has been delegated, for their own account:  Provided that the use of the term "reuse" shall comprise any transaction of assets held in custody including, but not limited to, transferring, pledging, selling and lending.  (2) Without prejudice to the generality of sub-regulation (1), the assets held in custody by the custodian can be used only where:  (a) the reuse of the assets is executed for the account of the UCITS;  (b) the custodian is carrying the instructions of the UCITS management company on behalf of the UCITS;  (c) the reuse is for the benefit of the UCITS and in the interest of the unit holders;  (d) the transaction is covered by high-quality and liquid collateral received by the UCITS under a title transfer arrangement.  (3) The market value of the collateral shall, at all times, amount to at least the market value of the reused assets plus a premium.  Delegation.  19, (1) The custodian shall not delegate to third parties the functions referred to in regulations 15 [Article 22(3)] and 16 [Article 22(4)] of these regulations.  (2) The custodian may delegate to third parties the functions referred to in regulation 17(1) [Article 22(5)] of these regulations only where:  (a) the tasks are not delegated with the intention of avoiding the requirements prescribed in these regulations and in the Investment Services Rules;  (b) the custodian can demonstrate that there is an objective reason for delegation; and  (c) the custodian has exercised due skill, care and diligence in				
Reuse of assets held in custody.  18. (1) [The assets held in custody by the custodian shall not be reused by the custodian, or by any third party to which the custody function has been delegated, for their own account:  Provided that the use of the term "reuse" shall comprise any transaction of assets held in custody including, but not limited to, transferring, pledging, selling and lending.  (2) [Without prejudice to the generality of sub-regulation (1), the assets held in custody by the custodian can be used only where:  (a) the reuse of the assets is executed for the account of the UCITS;  (b) the custodian is carrying the instructions of the UCITS management company on behalf of the UCITS;  (c) the reuse is for the benefit of the UCITS and in the interest of the unit holders;  (d) the transaction is covered by high-quality and liquid collateral received by the UCITS under a title transfer arrangement.  (3) [The market value of the reused assets plus a premium.  Delegation.  19. (1) [The custodian shall not delegate to third parties the functions referred to in regulations. 15 [Article 22(3)] and 16 [Article 22(4)] of these regulations.  (2) [The custodian may delegate to third parties the functions referred to in regulations.]  (2) [The custodian may delegate to third parties the functions referred to in regulations.]  (3) [The market value of the reused assets plus a premium.  Comment [IA35]: Article 22(7) third sub-paragraph  Comment [IA37]: Article 22(7) third sub-paragraph		registered with a central depositary; and		
reused by the custodian, or by any third party to which the custody function has been delegated, for their own account:  Provided that the use of the term "reuse" shall comprise any transaction of assets held in custody including, but not limited to, transferring, pledging, selling and lending.  (2) Without prejudice to the generality of sub-regulation (1), the assets held in custody by the custodian can be used only where:  (a) the reuse of the assets is executed for the account of the UCITS;  (b) the custodian is carrying the instructions of the UCITS management company on behalf of the UCITS;  (c) the reuse is for the benefit of the UCITS and in the interest of the unit holders;  (d) the transaction is covered by high-quality and liquid collateral received by the UCITS under a title transfer arrangement.  (3) The market value of the collateral shall, at all times, amount to at least the market value of the reused assets plus a premium.  Delegation.  19. [1] The custodian shall not delegate to third parties the functions referred to in regulations 15 [Article 22(3)] and 16 [Article 22(4)] of these regulations.  (2) [The custodian may delegate to third parties the functions referred to in regulation 17(1) [Article 22(5)] of these regulations only where:  (a) the tasks are not delegated with the intention of avoiding the requirements prescribed in these regulations and in the Investment Services Rules;  (b) the custodian can demonstrate that there is an objective reason for delegation; and		the financial instrument issued in a nominative form and registered with an issuer or a registrar in accordance with		
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assets held in custody by the custodian can be used only where:  (a) the reuse of the assets is executed for the account of the UCITS;  (b) the custodian is carrying the instructions of the UCITS management company on behalf of the UCITS;  (c) the reuse is for the benefit of the UCITS and in the interest of the unit holders;  (d) the transaction is covered by high-quality and liquid collateral received by the UCITS under a title transfer arrangement.  (3) The market value of the collateral shall, at all times, amount to at least the market value of the reused assets plus a premium.  Delegation.  19. (1) The custodian shall not delegate to third parties the functions referred to in regulations 15 [Article 22(3)] and 16 [Article 22(4)] of these regulations.  (2) The custodian may delegate to third parties the functions referred to in regulation 17(1) [Article 22(5)] of these regulations only where:  (a) the tasks are not delegated with the intention of avoiding the requirements prescribed in these regulations and in the Investment Services Rules;  (b) the custodian can demonstrate that there is an objective reason for delegation; and		transaction of assets held in custody including, but not limited to,		
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referred to in regulation 17(1) [Article 22(5)] of these regulations only where:  (a) the tasks are not delegated with the intention of avoiding the requirements prescribed in these regulations and in the Investment Services Rules;  (b) the custodian can demonstrate that there is an objective reason for delegation; and	Delegation.	functions referred to in regulations 15 [Article 22(3)] and 16 [Article		Article 22a(1)
requirements prescribed in these regulations and in the Investment Services Rules;  (b) the custodian can demonstrate that there is an objective reason for delegation; and		referred to in regulation 17(1) [Article 22(5)] of these regulations only	Co	omment [IA37]: Article 22a(2)
reason for delegation; and		requirements prescribed in these regulations and in the		
(c) the custodian has exercised due skill, care and diligence in				
		(c) the custodian has exercised due skill, care and diligence in		

the selection and appointment of any third party to whom it intends to delegate parts of its tasks, and continues to exercise all due skill, care and diligence in the periodic review and ongoing monitoring of any third party to which it has delegated parts of its tasks and of the arrangements of the third party in respect of the matters delegated to it.

(3) The functions referred to in regulation 17(1) [Article 22(5)], may be delegated by the custodian to a third party only where that third party at all times during the performance of the tasks delegated to it:

- (a) has structures and expertise that are adequate and proportionate to the nature and complexity of the assets of the UCITS or the UCITS management company acting on behalf of the UCITS which have been entrusted to it;
- (b) for the custody tasks referred to in regulation 17(1)(a) [Article 22(5)(a)] of these regulations, is subject to:
  - (i) effective prudential regulation, including minimum capital requirements and supervision in the jurisdiction concerned:
  - (ii) an external periodic audit to ensure that the financial instruments are in its possession;
- (c) segregates the assets of the clients of the custodian from its own assets and from the assets of the custodian in such a way that they can, at any time, be clearly identified as belonging to clients of a particular custodian;
- (d) takes all necessary steps to ensure that in the event of insolvency of the third party, assets of a UCITS held by the third party in custody are unavailable for distribution among, or realisation for the benefit of, creditors of the third party; and
- (e) complies with the general obligations and prohibitions prescribed in regulations 5 [Article 22(2)], 17(1) [Article 22(5)], 18 [Article 22(7)] and 14 [ARTICLE 25].

 Comment [IA38]: Article 26b(c)

Comment [IA39]: Article 22a(3)

Comment [IA40]: Article 26b(d) and

and (d) above. (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-regulation (3)(b)(i) Comment [IA41]: Article 22a(3) second subparagraph above, where the law of a third country requires that certain financial instruments be held in custody by a local entity and no local entities satisfy the delegation requirements laid down in that point, the custodian may delegate its functions to such a local entity only to the extent required by the law of that third country, only for as long as there are no local entities that satisfy the delegation requirements and only where: (a) the investors of the relevant UCITS are duly informed, prior to their investment, of the fact that such a delegation is required due to legal constraints in the law of the third country, of the circumstances justifying the delegation and of the risks involved in such a delegation; (b) the UCITS, or the UCITS management company on behalf of the UCITS, has instructed the custodian to delegate the custody of such financial instruments to such a local entity. (5) The third party may in turn sub-delegate the functions Comment [IA42]: Article 22a(3) third subparagraph referred to in sub-regulation (3) subject to the same requirements. In such a case, the provisions of regulation 20(4) [Article 24(2)] shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to the relevant parties. (6) For the purposes of this regulation, the provision of services as specified by Directive 98/26/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 May 1998 on settlement finality in payment and securities settlement systems, by securities settlement systems as designated for the purposes of that Directive or the provision of similar services by third-country securities settlement systems shall not be considered to be a delegation of custody functions. Liability of the **20.** (1) The custodian shall be liable to the UCITS and to the Comment [IA43]: Article 24(1) custodian. replaces SLC 3.11 of Part BIV unit-holders of the UCITS for loss by the custodian or a third party to whom the custody of financial instruments held in custody in accordance with regulation 17(1)(a) [Article 22(5)(a)] has been delegated. (2) In the case of loss of financial instrument held in custody, the Comment [IA44]: Article 24(1) second sub-paragraph custodian shall return a financial instrument of an identical type or the corresponding amount to the UCITS or the UCITS management company acting on behalf of the UCITS without undue delay:

> Provided that the custodian shall not be liable if it can prove that the loss has arisen as a result of an external event beyond its reasonable control, the consequences of which would have been

> steps to be taken by the third party pursuant to sub-regulation (3)(c)

unavoidable despite all reasonable efforts to the contrary.

	(3) The custodian shall also be liable to the UCITS and to the investors of the UCITS for all other losses suffered by them as a result of the custodian's negligent or intentional failure to properly fulfil its obligations pursuant to the provisions of the Act, these regulations and		Comment [IA45]: Article 24(1) third sub-paragraph
	the applicable Investment Services Rules.		
	(4) The liability of the custodian referred to in sub-regulations (1) to (3) shall not be affected by any delegation as referred to in regulation 19 [Article 22a].		Comment [IA46]: Article 24(2)
	(5) The liability of the custodian referred to in sub-regulations (1) to (3) above shall not be excluded or limited by agreement.		Comment [IA47]: Article 24(3)
	(6) Any agreement that contravenes the provisions of sub-regulation (5) shall be void.		Comment [IA48]: Article 24(4)
	(7) Unit-holders in the UCITS may invoke the liability of the custodian directly or indirectly through the UCITS management company or the UCITS itself provided that this does not lead to a duplication of redress or to unequal treatment of the unit-holders.		Comment [IA49]: Article 24(5)
	(8) The custodian shall also refer to and comply with the provisions of the Commission Delegated Regulation xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		Comment [IA50]: Article 26b(f) and (g
	(a) the conditions subject to which and the circumstances in which financial instruments held in custody are to be considered lost for the purposes of this regulation; and		
	(b) what is to be understood by external events beyond reasonable control, the consequences of which would have been unavoidable despite all reasonable efforts to the contrary pursuant to sub-regulations (1) to (3).	-	
Reporting obligations of the custodian.	21. (1) The custodian shall, on request, make available to the competent authority all information which it has obtained while performing its duties and that may be necessary for the competent authority or for the regulatory authorities of the UCITS or the UCITS management company.		Comment [IA51]: Article 26a first sub- paragraph
	(2) Where the UCITS or the UCITS management company are established in a Member States or EEA State, other than Malta, the competent authority shall without delay share the information received with the regulatory authority of the UCITS and the UCITS management company.		Comment [IA52]: Article 26a second sub-paragraph
	Part 4 Custodians of AIFs	_	

Custodians of AIFs.	<b>22.</b> The custodian of a Maltese AIF shall be either a Category 4a or a Category 4b Licence Holder as prescribed in Parts 5 and 6 of these regulations.		
	Part 4a Requirements applicable to custodians of AIFs – Category 4a		
Applicability of Part 4a.	<b>23.</b> (1) Part 4a of the regulations shall apply solely to custodians in possession of a Category 4a Investment Services Licence which provide custody services to AIFs.		
	(2) A Category 4a Investment Services Licence Holder shall also be guided by the provisions prescribed in the Investment Services Rules for Investment Services Providers applicable to custodians.		
Appointment of the custodian.	<b>24.</b> The AIFM shall ensure that a custodian is appointed for each AIF it manages.		
Eligibility criteria.	25. (1) The custodian of a Maltese AIF shall have an established place of business in Malta:		
	Provided that in the case of a non-EU AIF which is managed by a Maltese AIFM, the custodian may be either established in Malta and have an established place of business in Malta or be established in the third country where the non-EU AIF is established;		
	Provided further that the competent authority may allow a credit institution authorised in accordance with Directive 2013/36/EU and established in a Member State or EEA State other than Malta to be appointed as custodian to an AIF the units or shares of which are marketed to professional investors until 22 July 2017.		
	(2) The following entities shall be eligible to hold a Category 4a Investment Services Licence issued in terms of the Act and to provide custody services to all AIFs:		
	(a) a credit institution authorised in accordance with Directive 2013/36/EU and in possession of a licence issued in terms of the Banking Act;		
	(b) a branch established in Malta of a credit institution authorised in a Member State or EEA State;		
	<ul> <li>(c) a branch established in Malta of an overseas credit institution which is subject to prudential requirements at least equivalent to the requirements applicable to Maltese credit institutions;</li> </ul>		
	(d) a company incorporated in Malta, which is wholly owned by a credit institution, provided that the liabilities of the		

Comment [IA53]: Article 21(1) AIFMD

Comment [IA54]: Article 21(5)(a)

Comment [IA55]: Article 21(5)(b)

Comment [IA56]: Article 61(5)

company are guaranteed by the credit institution, and the credit institution is either a Maltese credit institution or a credit institution established in a Member State or EEA State and authorised in accordance with Directive 2013/36/EU:

Provided that in such a case, the custodian shall be required to have a minimum of one director on its board of directors who is resident in Malta.

(e) a company incorporated in Malta which is wholly owned by a Maltese or foreign institution or company which is deemed by the competent authority to be an institution or company which provides unit-holders with protection equivalent to that provided by a custodian fulfilling the requirements prescribed in paragraphs (a), (b), (c) or (d) above and provided the liabilities of the company acting as custodian are guaranteed by the institution or company and the institution or company has paid-up share capital of €5 million or its equivalent in foreign currency:

Provided that in such a case, the custodian shall be required to have a minimum of one director on its board of directors who is resident in Malta.

(f) an investment firm or branch of an investment firm established in another Member State or EEA State subject to capital adequacy requirements in accordance with Directive 2013/36/EU and Regulation (EU) 575/2013 including capital requirements for operational risks and authorised in accordance with Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments and which also provides the ancillary service of safe-keeping and administration of financial instruments for the account of clients, including custodianship and related services such as cash/collateral management in accordance with point (1) of Section B of Annex I of Directive 2004/39/EC:

Provided that such investment firms shall in any case have own funds not less than the amount of initial capital referred to in Article 28(2) of Directive 2013/36/EU.

Conflicts of interest. **26.** (1) In order to avoid of custodian, the AIFM and, or the AI

**26.** (1) In order to avoid conflicts of interest between the custodian, the AIFM and, or the AIF and, or its investors:

- (a) the AIFM shall not be licensed to act as custodian;
- (b) a prime broker acting as counterparty to an AIF shall not act as custodian for that AIF unless it has functionally and hierarchically separated the performance of its functions as

Comment [IA57]: Article 21(4) // SLC

custodian from its tasks as prime broker and the potential conflicts of interest are properly identified, managed, monitored and disclosed to the investors of the AIF:

Provided that delegation by the custodian to such prime broker of its custody tasks in accordance with regulation 30 [Article 21(11)] is allowed if the relevant conditions are met; and

(c) the custodian shall not be appointed as external valuer of the AIF, unless it has functionally and hierarchically separated the performance of its functions as custodian from its tasks as external valuer and the potential conflicts of interest are properly identified, managed, monitored and disclosed to the investors of the AIF.

(2) In the context of their respective roles, the custodian and the AIFM shall act honestly, fairly, professional, independently and in the interests of the AIF and the investors of the AIF.

(3) The custodian shall not carry out any activities with regard to the AIF or the AIFM on behalf of the AIF that may create conflicts of interest between the AIF, the investors in the AIF, the AIFM and itself, unless the custodian has functionally and hierarchically separated its tasks as custodian from its other potentially conflicting tasks and the potential conflicts of interest are properly identified, managed, monitored and disclosed to the investors of the AIF.

Monitoring of cash flows.

**27.** (1) The custodian shall in general ensure that the AIF's cash flows are properly monitored.

(2) The custodian shall in particular ensure that all payments made by or on behalf of the investors upon subscription of units of an AIF have been received and that all the cash of the AIF has been booked in cash accounts opened in the name of the AIF or in the name of the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF or in the name of the custodian acting on behalf of the AIF with any one of the following entities:

- (a) a central bank:
- (b) a credit institution authorised in accordance with Directive 2013/36/EU;
- (c) a bank authorised in a third country; or
- (d) another entity of the same nature in the relevant market where cash accounts are required provided such entity is subject to effective prudential supervision which has the same effect as Union law and is effectively enforced in

**Comment [IA58]:** Article 19(4) second sub-paragraph//SLC 4.05 Part BIV

**Comment [IA59]:** Article 21(10) first sub-paragraph// SLC 4.11 Part BIV

**Comment [IA60]:** Article 21(10) second sub-paragraph// SLC 4.12 Part BIV

**Comment [IA61]:** Article 21(7) first sub-paragraph// SLC 4.06 Part BIV

**Comment [IA62]:** Article 21(7) first sub-paragraph// SLC 4.06 Part BIV

	accordance with the principles set out in Articl Directive 2006/73/EC.	e 16 of
	(3) Where the cash accounts are opened in the name custodian acting on behalf of the AIF, no cash of the entity results in sub-regulation (2) above and none of the custodian's own combe booked on such accounts.	eferred to
	(4) In complying with sub-regulations (1) to (3) abcustodian shall also refer to and comply with the applicable prof the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 231/2013.	rovisions
Safekeeping function.	28 (1) The assets of the AIE or the AIEM acting on help	alf of the
Sarekeeping function.	<b>28.</b> (1) The assets of the AIF or the AIFM acting on beh. AIF shall be entrusted to the custodian for safekeeping as follows:	
	(a) for financial instruments that can be held in custody:	
	<ul> <li>the custodian shall hold in custody all instruments that can be registered in a instruments account opened in the custodian and all financial instruments that can be p delivered to the custodian;</li> </ul>	financial 's books
	(ii) for that purpose, the custodian shall ensure those financial instruments that can be registed financial instruments account opened in the cubooks are registered in the custodian's book segregated accounts in accordance with the period of the AIF of the AIFM acting on the AIF, so that they can be clearly identification belonging to the AIF in accordance with Malter all times;	ered in a stodian's s within orinciples c, opened behalf of tified as
	(b) for other assets:	
	(i) the custodian shall verify the ownership of the the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF of such and shall maintain a record of those assets for is satisfied that the AIF or the AIFM acting of the AIF holds the ownership of such assets;	ch assets which it
	(ii) the assessment whether the AIF or the AIFM a behalf of the AIF holds the ownership shall on information or documents provided by the the AIFM and, where available, on external ev	be based e AIF or
	(iii) the custodian shall keep its records up-to-date.	
	(2) In complying with sub-regulation (1) above, the	custodian

Comment [IA63]: Article 21(7) second subparagraph// SLC 4.07 Part BIV

Comment [IA64]: Article 21(8) // SLC 4.08 SLC Part BIV

	shall also refer to and comply with the applicable provisions of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 231/2013.	
	(3) The custodian shall not reuse the assets referred to in sub-regulation (1) above without the prior consent of the AIF or the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF.	
	acting on behan of the Arr.	
Oversight function.	29. (1) In addition to the tasks referred to in regulations 27 and 28(1) above {Article 21(7) and (8)} the custodian shall:	21(9) AIFMD
	(a) ensure that the sale, issue, re-purchase, redemption and cancellation of units or shares of the AIF are carried out in accordance with the provisions of the Act, the Rules and regulations issued thereunder, and the fund rules or instruments of incorporation;	
	(b) ensure that the value of the units or shares of the AIF is calculated in accordance with the provisions of the Act, the Rules and regulations issued thereunder, the fund rules or instruments of incorporation and the valuation procedures as outlined in the applicable Investment Services Rules;	
	(c) carry out the instructions of the AIFM, unless they conflict with the provisions of the Act, the Rules and regulations issued thereunder, the AIF's fund rules or instruments of incorporation;	
	(d) ensure that in transactions involving the AIF's assets any consideration is remitted to the AIF within the usual time limits;	
	(e) ensure that the AIF's income is applied in accordance with the provisions of the Act, the Rules and regulations issued thereunder and the fund rules or instruments of incorporation.	
	(2) In complying with sub-regulation (1) above, the custodian shall also refer to and comply with the applicable provisions of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 231/2013.	
Delegation.	30. (1) The custodian shall not delegate to third parties its functions as described in this section of the regulations save for those referred to in regulation 28(1)[Article 21(8)].	
	(2) The custodian may delegate to third parties the functions referred to in regulation 28(1) subject to the following conditions:  Comment [IA68]: Article paragraph 2// SLC 4.15, 4.16 F	
	(a) the tasks are not delegated with the intention of avoiding the requirements prescribed in the Act, the Rules and regulations issued thereunder;	

- (b) the custodian can demonstrate that there is an objective reason for the delegation;
- (c) the custodian has exercised all due skill care and diligence in the selection and the appointment of any third party to whom it wants to delegate parts of its tasks, and keeps exercising all due skill, care and diligence in the periodic review and ongoing monitoring of any third party to whom it has delegated parts of its tasks and of the arrangements of the third party in respect of the matters delegated to it; and
- (d) the custodian ensures that the third party meets the following conditions at all times during the performance of the tasks delegated to it:
  - (i) the third party has the structures and the expertise that are adequate and proportionate to the nature and the complexity of the assets of the AIF or the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF which have been entrusted to it;
  - (ii) for custody tasks referred to in regulation 28(1)(a) [Article 21(8)(a)], the third party is subject to effective prudential regulation, including minimum capital requirements, and supervision in the jurisdiction concerned and the third party is subject to an external periodic audit to ensure that the financial instruments are in its possession:

Provided that where the law of a third country requires that certain instruments be held in custody by a local entity and no local entities satisfy the delegation requirements prescribed above, the custodian may delegate its functions to such a local entity only to the extent required by the law of the third country and only for as long as there are no local entities that satisfy the delegation requirements subject to the following requirements:

- (a) the investors of the relevant AIF must be duly informed that such delegation is required due to legal constrains in the law of the third country and of the circumstances justifying the delegation, prior to their investment; and
- (b) the AIF, or the AIFM on behalf of the AIF, must instruct the depositary to delegate the custody of such financial instruments to such local entity.
- (iii) the third party segregates the assets of the custodian's

clients from its own asses and from the assets of the custodian in such a way that they can at any time be clearly identified as belonging to clients of a particular custodian; (iv) the third party does not make use of the assets without the prior consent of the AIF or the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF and prior notification to the custodian: the third party complies with the general obligations and the prohibitions set out in regulation 26(2) and (3) and regulation 28(1) and (3): Provided that in complying with paragraphs (c) and (d)(iii) above, the custodian shall also refer to and comply with the provisions of the Regulation (EU) No. 231/2013 prescribing the due diligence duties of custodians as well as the segregation obligations. (3) The third party may, in turn, sub-delegate those functions,

**Comment [IA69]:** Article 21(11) fourth sub-paragraph// SLC 4.16 PART BIV

Comment [IA70]: Article 21(11) Fifth subparagraph// SLC 4.17 PART BIV

Comment [IA71]: Article 21(12) first sub-paragraph// SLC 4.19 PART BIV

Comment [IA72]: Article 21(12) second sub-paragraph// SLC 4.20 PART BIV

**Comment [IA73]:** Article 21(12) third subparagraph //SLC 4.21 PART BIV

(3) The third party may, in turn, sub-delegate those functions, subject to the same requirements prescribed in the above sub-regulations. In such a case, regulation 32 [Article 21(13)] shall apply mutatis mutandis to the relevant parties.

(4) For the purposes of this regulation, the provision of services as specified by Directive 98/26/EC by securities settlement systems as designated for the purposes of said Directive or the provision of similar services by third country securities settlement systems shall not be considered a delegation of its custody functions.

Liability of the

**31.** (1) The custodian shall be liable to the AIF or to the investors of the AIF, for the loss by the custodian or a third party to whom the custody of financial instruments held in custody in accordance with regulation 28(1)(a) [Article 21(8)(a)] has been delegated.

(2) In the case of such a loss of financial instruments held in custody, the custodian shall return a financial instrument of identical type or the corresponding amount to the AIF or the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF without undue delay. The custodian shall not be liable if it can prove that the loss has arisen as a result of an external event beyond its reasonable control, the consequences of which would have been unavoidable despite all reasonable efforts to the contrary.

(3) The custodian shall also be liable to the AIF, or to the investors of the AIF, for all other losses suffered by them as a result of the custodian's negligent or intentional failure to properly fulfil its obligations pursuant to the provisions of the Act, the regulations and the Rules issued thereunder.

(4) In complying with sub-regulations (1) to (3) above, the custodian shall also refer to and comply with the provisions of Regulation (EU) No. 231/2013. (5) Liability to the investors of the AIF may be invoked directly or indirectly through the AIFM, depending on the legal nature of the relationship between the custodian, the AIFM and the investors. Discharge of liability. 32. (1) The custodian's liability shall not be affected by any delegation referred to in regulation 30 [Article 21(11)]. (2) Notwithstanding the generality of sub-regulation (1), in the case of a loss of financial instruments held in custody by a third party pursuant to regulation 30, the custodian may discharge itself of liability if it can prove that: (a) all requirements for the delegation of its custody tasks set out in regulation 30 are met; (b) a custody agreement between the custodian and the third party expressly transfers the liability of the custodian to that third party and makes it possible for the AIF or the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF to make a claim against the third party in respect of the loss of financial instruments or for the custodian to make such a claim on their behalf; and (c) a custody agreement between the custodian and the AIF or the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF expressly allows a discharge of the custodian's liability and establishes the objective reason to contract such a discharge. (3) In complying with sub-regulations (1) and (2) above, the custodian shall also refer to and comply with the provisions of Regulation (EU) No. 231/2013 prescribing the conditions subject to which and circumstances in which there is an objective reason to contract a discharge. (4) Where the law of a third country requires that certain financial instruments are held in custody by a local entity and there are no local entities that satisfy the delegation requirements prescribed in regulation 30(2)(d)(ii), the depositary can discharge itself of liability provided that the following conditions are met: (a) the rules or instruments of incorporation of the AIF concerned expressly allow for such a discharge under the conditions prescribed in this paragraph; (b) the investors of the relevant AIF have been duly informed of

Comment [IA74]: SLC 4.22 PART BIV

Comment [IA75]: Article 21(15)// SLC 4.27 PART BIV

**Comment [IA76]:** Article 21(13) first sub-paragraph// SLC 4.23 Part BIV

Comment [IA77]: Article 21(13) second subparagraph// SLC 4.24 Part BIV

Comment [IA78]: SLC 4.25 Part BIV

Comment [IA79]: Article 21(14)// SLC 4.26

that discharge and of the circumstances justifying the

	discharge prior to their investment;
	(c) the AIF or the AIFM on behalf of the AIF instructed the depositary to delegate the custody of such financial instruments to a local entity;
	(d) there is a custody agreement between the custodian and the AIF or the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF which expressly allows such a discharge; and
	(e) there is a custody agreement between the custodian and the third party that expressly transfers the liability of the custodian to that local entity and makes it possible for the AIF or the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF to make a claim against that local entity in respect of the loss of financial instruments or for the custodian to make such a claim on their behalf.
Reporting obligations of	33. (1) The custodian shall make available to the competent
the custodian.	authority, on request, all information which it has obtained while performing its duties and that may be necessary in relation to the AIFM or the AIF.
	(2) Where the AIF or the AIFM are established in a Member
	State or EEA State other than Malta, the competent authority shall
	without delay share the information received with the European regulatory authority of the AIF or AIFM.
	regulatory authority of the AIF or AIFM.
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	Part 4b Requirements applicable to custodians of AIFs – Category 4b
Applicability of Part 4b.	regulatory authority of the AIF or AIFM.  Part 4b
Applicability of Part 4b.	Part 4b Requirements applicable to custodians of AIFs – Category 4b  34. (1) This Part shall apply solely to custodians in possession of a Category 4b Investment Services Licence and which provide
	Part 4b Requirements applicable to custodians of AIFs – Category 4b  34. (1) This Part shall apply solely to custodians in possession of a Category 4b Investment Services Licence and which provide custody services to AIFs.  (2) A Category 4b Investment Services Licence Holder shall also be guided by the rules prescribed in Part BIV of the Investment Services Rules for Investment Services Providers applicable to custodians.
Applicability of Part 4b.  Appointment of the custodian.	Part 4b Requirements applicable to custodians of AIFs – Category 4b  34. (1) This Part shall apply solely to custodians in possession of a Category 4b Investment Services Licence and which provide custody services to AIFs.  (2) A Category 4b Investment Services Licence Holder shall also be guided by the rules prescribed in Part BIV of the Investment Services Rules for Investment Services Providers applicable to
Appointment of the	Part 4b Requirements applicable to custodians of AIFs – Category 4b  34. (1) This Part shall apply solely to custodians in possession of a Category 4b Investment Services Licence and which provide custody services to AIFs.  (2) A Category 4b Investment Services Licence Holder shall also be guided by the rules prescribed in Part BIV of the Investment Services Rules for Investment Services Providers applicable to custodians.  35. (1) The AIFM shall ensure that, when permitted in terms of this Part of the regulations, a custodian in possession of a Category 4b

Comment [IA80]: Article 21(16) AIFMD// SLC 4.28 Part BIV

Comment [IA81]: Article 21(3) third sub-paragraph//SLC 1.03 PART BIV

	generally do not invest in assets that must be held in custody in accordance with regulation 28(1)(a) [Article 21(8)(a)] or which generally invest in issuers or non-listed companies in order to acquire control of such companies in accordance with the provisions of the Rules; and	
	(b) third country AIFs which are marketed in a Member State or EEA State in terms of regulation 7 of the Investment Services Act (Alternative Investment Fund Manager) (Third Country) Regulations.	Comment [IA82]: Article 36(1) AIFMD// SLC 1.03 PART BIV
Eligibility criteria.	<b>36.</b> The following entities shall be eligible to apply for and obtain a Category 4b Investment Services Licence:	Comment [IA83]: SLC 1.03 PART BIV
	<ul> <li>(a) the entities indicated in regulation 25(2) above;</li> <li>(b) an Investment Services Licence Holder in possession of a Category 2 Investment Services Licence issued in terms of the Act:</li> </ul>	
	Provided that UCITS management companies and AIFMs shall not be included in the list of eligible entities;	
	(c) Recognised Fund Administrators in possession of a Recognition Certificate issued in terms of article 9A of the Act.	
Applicability of Part 4a to custodians providing custody services to AIFs prescribed in regulation 35(2)(a).	<b>37.</b> (1) A Category 4b Investment Services Licence Holder which provides custody services to AIFs referred to in regulation 35(2)(a) above shall, in addition to the regulations prescribed in Part 2 hereof applicable to custodians of all collective investment schemes, also be regulated by regulations 26 to 30, regulation 31(3), regulation 32(1) and regulation 33 of Part 4a hereof.	Comment [IA84]: SLC 4.29 PART BIV
	(2) In addition to the regulations prescribed in sub-regulation (1) above, a Category 4b Investment Services Licence Holder as referred to in regulation 35(2)(a) shall also be regulated by regulations 31 and 32 hereof solely and in so far as the custodian holds in custody financial instruments as prescribed in regulation 28(1) [Article 21(8)].	
Applicability of Part 4a to custodians providing custody services to AIFs prescribed in regulation 35(2)(b).	<b>38.</b> (1) A Category 4b Investment Services Licence Holder which provides custody services to AIFs referred to in regulation 35(2)(b) above, shall, in addition to the regulations prescribed in Part 2 hereof applicable to custodians of all collective investment schemes, also be regulated by regulations 26(2), 27, 28(1), 29 and 33 of Part 4a hereof.	Comment [IA85]: SLC 4.30 PART BIV
	(2) A Category 4b Investment Services Licence Holder as referred to in sub-regulation (1) shall also comply with regulations 39 and 40 prescribed hereunder.	

Liability of the custodian.	<b>39.</b> (1) The custodian shall be liable for any loss or prejudice suffered by the AIFM, the AIF or the investors of the AIF due to the custodian's fraud, wilful default or negligence, including the unjustifiable failure to perform in whole or in part its obligations pursuant to:	Comment [IA86]: SLC 4.32 PART BIN
	(a) the provisions of the Act, the regulations and the Rules issued thereunder;	
	(b) the custody agreement appointing the custodian;	
	(c) the deed or other instrument establishing or regulating the AIF;	
	(d) the conditions attached to the licence of the AIF; and	
	(e) any other requirements prescribed by the competent authority.	
	(2) The custodian shall not be liable for any loss or prejudice suffered by the AIF or the unit holders of the AIF as a result of the acts or omissions of the AIFM, except where and to the extent that the custodian has failed to perform its functions and duties in terms of the provisions of the Act, the regulations and the Rules issued thereunder:	Comment [IA87]: SLC 4.33 PART BIV
	Provided that the term "custodian" shall be deemed to include such third party to whom functions, duties or assets may be delegated or entrusted in terms of regulation 40 hereunder.	
	(3) Liability to the investors of the AIF may be invoked directly or indirectly through the AIFM, depending on the legal nature of the relationship between the custodian, the AIFM and the unit-holders.	Comment [IA88]: SLC 4.34 PART BIY
Delegation of functions by the custodian to third parties.	<b>40.</b> (1) The custodian may delegate to third parties in whole or in part the functions referred to in regulations 27 to 29 above subject to the following conditions:	Comment [IA89]: SLC 4.35 PART BIN
	(a) the tasks are not delegated with the intention of circumventing the provisions of the Act or the regulations and the Rules issued thereunder;	
	(b) the custodian has exercised all due skill, care and diligence in the selection and the appointment of any third party to whom it wants to delegate its tasks, and keeps exercising all due skill, care and diligence in the periodic review and ongoing monitoring of any third party to whom it has delegated its tasks and of the arrangements of the third party in respect of the matters delegated to it; and	

- (c) the custodian ensures that the third party meets the following conditions at all times during the performance of the tasks delegated to it:
  - (i) the third party has structures and the expertise that are adequate and proportionate to the nature and complexity of the assets of the AIF or the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF which have been entrusted to it;
  - (ii) as far as the custody tasks referred to in regulation 28(1)(a) are concerned, the third party is subject to effective prudential regulation, including minimum capital requirements and supervision in the jurisdiction concerned and the third party is subject to an external periodic audit to ensure that the financial statements are in its possession:

Provided that where the law of a third country requires that certain instruments be held in custody by a local entity and no local entities satisfy the delegation requirements prescribed above, the custodian may delegate its functions to such a local entity only to the extent required by the law of the third country and only for as long as there are no local entities that satisfy the delegation requirements subject to the following requirements:

- (a) the investors of the relevant AIF must be duly informed that such delegation is required due to legal constraints in the law of the third country and of the circumstances justifying the delegation, prior to their investment; and
- (b) the AIF or the AIFM on behalf of the AIF shall instruct the custodian to delegate the custody of such financial instruments to such local entity:

Provided further that the third party may in turn subdelegate those functions subject to the same requirements;

- (iii) the third party segregates the assets of the custodian's clients from its own assets and from the assets of the custodian in such a way that they can at any time be clearly identified as belonging to the clients of a particular custodian;
- (iv) the third party does not make use of the assets without the prior consent of the AIF or the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF and prior notification to the

Comment [IA90]: SLC 4.36 Part BIV

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	custodian; and
	(v) the third party complies with the general obligations and prohibitions prescribed in regulations 26(2), (3), 27 to 29 of these regulations.
	(2) The provision of services as specified by Directive 98/26/EC by securities settlement systems as designated for the purposes of that
	Directive or the provision of similar services by third country securities settlement systems shall not be considered a delegation of the custodian's functions.
	Part 5 Requirements applicable to custodians of collective investment schemes other than UCITS and AIFs
Applicability of Part 5.	<b>41.</b> (1) Custodians of collective investment schemes which are not AIFs or UCITS shall be regulated by the regulations prescribed in Part 2 hereof together with the regulations prescribed in this Part of the regulations:
	Provided that for the purposes of this part of the regulations, the term "collective investment scheme" shall be understood as referring to collective investment schemes which are licensed as non-UCITS retail schemes and Professional Investor Funds established in terms of the Act and in terms of the Rules issued thereunder.
	(2) The custodian of a collective investment scheme as referred to in sub-regulation (1) shall also be guided by the rules prescribed in the applicable Investment Services Rules.
Appointment of the custodian.	<b>42.</b> (1) The scheme or the management company on behalf of the scheme which is licensed as a non-UCITS retail scheme or as a Professional Investor Fund targeting experienced investors shall appoint a custodian.
	(2) The scheme, or the management company on behalf of a scheme which is licensed as a Professional Investor Fund targeting Qualifying or Extraordinary Investors may appoint a custodian:
	Provided that such scheme may alternatively provide for other safe-keeping arrangements as accepted by the competent authority:
	Provided further that a custodian which is appointed to provide custody services as provided in sub-regulation (2) shall be required to comply with the applicable provisions of this part of the regulations.
Eligibility criteria.	<b>43.</b> (1) The custodian of a non-UCITS retail scheme shall have an established place of business in Malta.

Comment [IA91]: SLC 4.37 Part BIV

- (2) Where a scheme which is licensed as a PIF appoints a custodian, such custodian shall be:
  - (a) an entity having an established place of business in Malta;
  - (b) an entity constituted in a Member State or EEA State other than Malta providing the services of custodian to collective investment schemes;
  - (c) an entity constituted outside Malta and operating from outside Malta providing the services of a custodian to collective investment schemes, where the competent authority is satisfied that such entity is of sufficient standing and repute and having the business organisation, systems, experience and expertise deemed necessary for it to act as custodian.
- (3) The following entities shall be eligible to hold a Category 4a Investment Services Licence issued in terms of the Act and to provide custody services to the collective investment schemes referred to in sub-regulations (1) and (2) above:
  - (a) a credit institution authorised in accordance with Directive 2013/36/EU and in possession of a licence issued in terms of the Banking Act;
  - (b) a branch established in Malta of a credit institution authorised in a Member State or EEA State;
  - (c) a branch established in Malta of an overseas credit institution which is subject to prudential requirements at least equivalent to the requirements applicable to Maltese credit institutions;
  - (d) a company incorporated in Malta, which is wholly owned by a credit institution, provided that the liabilities of the company are guaranteed by the credit institution and the credit institution is either a Maltese credit institution or a credit institution established in a Member State or EEA State and authorised in accordance with Directive 2013/36/EU:
    - Provided that in such a case, the custodian shall be required to have a minimum of one director on its board of directors who is resident in Malta.
  - (e) a company incorporated in Malta which is wholly owned by a Maltese or foreign institution or company which is deemed by the competent authority to be an institution or company which provides unit-holders with protection equivalent to that provided by a custodian fulfilling the requirements of paragraphs (a), (b), (c) or (d) above and provided the liabilities of the company acting as custodian are guaranteed

	by the institution or company and the institution or company has paid-up share capital of €5 million or its equivalent in foreign currency; or
	(f) an investment firm in Malta or branch of an investment firm established in a Member State or EEA State other than Malta, subject to capital adequacy requirements in accordance with Directive 2013/36/EU and Regulation (EU) 575/2013 including capital requirements for operational risks and authorised in accordance with Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments and which also provides the ancillary service of safe-keeping and administration of financial instruments for the account of clients, including custody and related services such as cash/collateral management in accordance with point (1) of Section B of Annex I of Directive 2004/39/EC:
	Provided that such investment firms shall in any case have own funds not less than the amount of initial capital referred to in Article 28(2) of Directive 2013/36/EU.
Applicability of Part 4a of these regulations to custodians providing custody services to non-	<b>44.</b> A Category 4a Investment Services Licence Holder which provides custody services to a non-UCITS retail collective investment scheme shall also comply with regulations 26 to 32 hereof:
UCITS Retail Schemes.	Provided that, for the purposes of this part of the regulations, references in the regulations 26 to 32 to 'AIFM' and 'AIF' shall be construed to refer to the 'fund manager or management company' and the 'non-UCITS Retail Scheme' respectively.
Applicability of Part 4a of these regulations to Professional Investor Funds marketed to Experienced Investors.	<b>45.</b> A Category 4a Investment Services Licence Holder which provides custody services to a Professional Investor Fund which is marketed to Experienced Investors, shall also comply with regulations 26 to 32 hereof:
	Provided that, for the purposes of this part of the regulations, reference to regulations 26 to 32 to 'AIFM' and 'AIF' shall be construed to refer to the 'fund manager or management company' and the 'Professional Investor Fund marketed to Experienced Investors' respectively.
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Professional Investor Funds marketed to Qualifying and Extraordinary Investors.	<b>46.</b> A custodian in possession of a Category 4a Investment Services Licence providing custody services to a Professional Investor Fund which is marketed to Qualifying or Extraordinary Investors shall be regulated by regulations 47 to 52 hereunder.
Functions and duties of the custodian.	<b>47.</b> (1) The custodian having the control of the assets belonging to the scheme shall take custody of and safeguard such assets in the interests of the scheme and in the interests of the unit-holders thereof.

- (2) The custodian shall carry out such functions and duties as shall be required in accordance with these regulations, the terms of the custody agreement entered into with the scheme, the conditions of the custodian's investment services licence and such other requirements as may be laid down by the competent authority.
- (3) The custodian shall maintain proper and adequate records and accounts of the assets of all the schemes with which it has entered into a custody agreement. The records and accounts shall identify the schemes to which such assets belong and shall clearly indicate that the assets of every scheme are separate and distinct from the assets belonging to the custodian and from the assets of other schemes with which the custodian has entered into a custody agreement. The records and accounts shall, upon due notice being given by the custodian, indicate the instances where any pledge or other right over assets has been given by the respective schemes to any third parties and where any order by any Court has been made in connection with such assets.
- (4) The custodian entrusted with the control of assets belonging to a scheme shall, to every extent reasonably possible, segregate in a proper manner the assets of each scheme from the assets belonging to the custodian and from the assets of other schemes:

Provided that the custodian may, with the written consent of the scheme and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the agreement entered into with the scheme, the conditions of any investment services licence and such other requirements as may be prescribed by the competent authority and without prejudice to the scheme's right of ownership over the assets held under control, place and keep such assets in a common pool of identical assets or otherwise deposit them in a clients' or common account.

- (5) The custodian shall make appropriate arrangements for the protection of assets held under control and shall ensure that such assets are placed under adequate systems to safeguard them from damage, misappropriation or other loss and which permit the delivery of such assets only in accordance with the terms and conditions of the custody agreement entered into with the scheme.
- (6) Where it is not reasonably possible for the custodian to carry out any of the duties specified in these regulations due to the nature of the assets and of the arrangements whereby control is exercised, the said duties may be varied with the written consent of the scheme and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the agreement entered into with the scheme, the conditions of the investment services licence and such other requirements as may be prescribed by the competent authority.

	(7) The custodian shall carry out monitoring, oversight, administrative and such other functions required in accordance with the terms and conditions of the agreement appointing it as custodian, the deed or other instrument establishing or regulating the scheme, the conditions of the collective investment scheme licence which may be held by the scheme, the conditions of any investment services licence and such other requirements as may be prescribed by the competent authority.
Use of clearing, settlement and dematerialised systems and settlement risk.	<b>48.</b> (1) Where reasonably required by the nature of the assets and of the arrangements whereby control is to be exercised, a custodian may, with the written consent of the scheme and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the agreement entered into with the scheme, the conditions of any investment services licence and such other requirements as may be laid down by the competent authority, make use of any market clearing system, settlement system, dematerialised book entry system, centralised custodial depository or similar system for the purpose of the control of assets in terms of these regulations.
	(2) Such systems as are provided for in sub-regulation (1) may also be used to effect all transactions including conveyance, assignment, transfer, transmission and pledging of assets held under the control of the custodian and the law of the country in which the system is maintained shall apply to the validity of such transactions, notwithstanding the provisions of any other law.
	(3) The agreement with the scheme shall clearly define the extent of liability of the custodian for any losses that may be incurred by the scheme as a result of the use of such systems.
Independence of the custodian from the management of the collective investment scheme.	<b>49.</b> In the exercise of its functions, duties and responsibilities, the custodian shall act independently of the fund manager and of the management of the scheme and solely in the interest of the unit holders and of the scheme itself:
	Provided that the custodian shall act upon the instructions of the manager and the manager shall act upon the instructions of the custodian to the extent required by the conditions of any investment services licence, such other requirements as may be prescribed by the competent authority, and the conditions of the scheme's constitutional documents.
Administration and management of the fund manager and custodian.	<b>50.</b> Except as may be authorised by the competent authority, a person shall not act as member of the board of directors or similar organ or as an officer responsible for the administration and management of the manager acting on behalf of the scheme and at the same time hold a similar position with the custodian entrusted with the custody of the assets of any scheme managed by the manager.

Liability of the custodian.

- **51.** (1) The custodian shall be liable for any loss or prejudice suffered by the manager of the scheme, the scheme or the unit-holders due to the custodian's fraud, wilful default or negligence including the unjustifiable failure to perform in whole or in part the custodian's obligations arising pursuant to:
  - (a) the provisions of the Act, these regulations and the Rules issued under the Act;
  - (b) the terms and conditions of the custody agreement appointing the custodian;
  - (c) the scheme's documents of incorporation;
  - (d) the conditions of the collective investment scheme licence held by the scheme;
  - (e) the conditions of any investment services licence; or
  - (f) such other requirements as may be prescribed by the competent authority.
- (2) The custodian shall not be liable for any loss or prejudice suffered by the scheme or by the unit holders as a result of the acts or omission of the fund manager except where and to the extent that the custodian has failed to perform its functions and duties in terms of regulation 47 above [Functions and duties of the custodian].
- (3) For the purposes of this regulation, custodian includes such other sub-custodian to whom functions, duties or assets may be delegated or entrusted in terms of regulation 52.

Delegation of function by the custodian to a sub-custodian.

- **52.** (1) The custodian may, with the consent of the scheme or the manager acting on behalf of the scheme, delegate all or part of the functions and duties referred to in regulation 44 above [functions and duties of the custodian] to a sub-custodian, and may also entrust or deposit all or part of the assets of the scheme held in custody with such sub-custodian.
- (2) The liability of the custodian for its own acts or omissions pursuant to regulation 51 [liability of the custodian] shall not be affected or reduced as a result of the custodian delegating functions and duties or entrusting all or part of the assets of the scheme to a subcustodian.
- (3) Where the custodian delegates or entrusts functions, duties or assets in terms of sub-regulation (1) above to a person who is either a group company or is the manager or associate of the manager, without prejudice to the liability of such person, the custodian shall be liable for any loss or prejudice suffered by the scheme or the unit-

holders as a result of the acts, omissions or insolvency of such person:

Provided that the custodian may not delegate to the manager acting on behalf of the scheme any function of oversight in respect of the manager or any function of custody or control of the assets, nor may the custodian delegate to an associate of the manager any function of oversight in respect of such manager.

- (4) Where the custodian delegates or entrusts functions, duties or assets in terms of sub-regulation (1) above to a person which is not a group company nor the manager acting on behalf of the scheme nor associate of the manager, without prejudice to the liability of such person, the custodian shall be liable for any loss or prejudice suffered by the fund manager, the scheme or the unit-holders as a result of the acts or omissions of such person unless the custodian can prove that such person was and remains qualified and competent to carry out the functions and duties delegated to it and that the custodian exercised reasonable care to oversee that the functions and duties delegated were undertaken by such person competently.
- (5) The liability of the custodian pursuant to sub-regulations (3) and (4) may be varied or reduced with the written consent of the scheme or the fund manager acting on behalf of the scheme, and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the written contract appointing the custodian, the deed or other instrument establishing and regulating the scheme, the conditions of the collective investment scheme licence which may be held by the scheme, the conditions of any investment services licence and such other requirements as may be prescribed by the competent authority:

Provided that the custodian discloses fully to the scheme or the manager acting on behalf of the scheme, any risks that may be associated with the nature of the custody arrangements, and that the agreement appointing the custodian shall clearly define the extent of liability of the custodian. Any such risks shall also be fully disclosed to the unit-holders in the scheme.

- (6) For the purposes of this regulation, "associate" in relation to the fund manager means a body corporate which forms part of the same group of companies as the manager acting on behalf of the scheme.
- (7) For the purposes of this regulation, "group company" in relation to the custodian, means anybody corporate which is the custodian's subsidiary or parent company, or a subsidiary of the custodian's parent company; and the terms "parent" and "subsidiary" shall be construed in accordance with article 2(2) of the Companies Act.

Reporting obligations of

**53.** The custodian of a collective investment scheme which is

**Comment [IA92]:** Formerly regulation 2(3) COAR

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the custodian.	licensed as a non-UCITS Retail Scheme or a Professional Investor Fund shall make available to the competent authority, on request, all information which it has obtained while performing its duties and that may be necessary for the competent authority of the manager or the scheme.
	Part 6
	Transitional arrangements
Transitional arrangements.	<b>54.</b> (1) Non-UCITS retail schemes and Professional Investor Funds targeting Experienced Investors or managers on behalf of such schemes, which on the date of publication of these regulations appointed as custodian, an entity which did not meet the requirements prescribed in Part 5 hereof, shall have a one year transitional period within which to comply with these regulations. This one-year transitional period shall commence to run from the date of publications of these regulations in the Government Gazette and shall expire within one calendar year thereafter.
	(2) Professional Investor Funds targeting Qualifying Investors or Extraordinary Investors or managers on behalf of such schemes, which on the date of publication of these regulations appointed as custodian, an entity which did not meet the requirements prescribed in Part 5 hereof, shall have a one year transitional period within which to comply with these regulations. This one-year transitional period shall commence to run from the date of publications of these regulations in the Government Gazette and shall expire within one calendar year thereafter.